

Application No.: 09/986346

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Amendments to the Claims:

Please amend claims 16, 19, 21, 24, and 90. The following Listing of Claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

Claims 1-15 (cancelled)

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16. (currently amended) An exhalation permitting filter mask assembly for positioning over the mouth and nose of a user, the filter mask assembly comprising:
- a mask configured to fit over the nose and mouth of a user and including filter material through which air can be inhaled by a user while effecting filtration of the inhaled air;
- a uni-directional valve mounted to the mask for permitting exhalation through the valve while precluding inhalation through the valve;
- the valve including a flexible flap having a root end portion, opposite side portions and a free end portion, an upper housing member, an inlet port and a valve seat surrounding the inlet port and being part of the upper housing member and including a sealing surface adjacent the inlet port;
- the valve further including a lower housing member that includes a flap-engaging member;
- the flexible flap being fixedly mounted at the root end portion relative to the upper housing member in a manner so that the free end portion makes sealing contact with the sealing surface when the flexible flap is closed and so that the free end portion of the flexible flap lifts from contact with the sealing surface and moves outwardly of the sealing surface when exhaled air passes through the inlet port; and
- the flexible flap having a transverse curvature extending medially of the flap imparting sufficient stiffening to the flexible flap to maintain the flexible flap in sealing contact with the sealing surface for any orientation of the filter mask during normal operating conditions in the absence of a pressure differential across the flexible flap
- wherein the transverse curvature is imparted to the flexible flap by having the flap-engaging member contact the root end portion of the flexible flap such that the flap is held against the sealing surface of the upper housing member and such that a portion of the flap resides in non-alignment with the sealing surface of the upper housing member when the valve is viewed in a longitudinal section (FIG. 4).
17. (previously presented) A filter mask assembly as recited in claim 16, wherein the flexible flap is formed of elastomeric material.

18. (canceled)

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19. (currently amended) A filter mask assembly as recited in claim 16, wherein the lower housing member faces the upper housing member, and wherein the root end portion of the flexible flap is trapped and fixedly positioned between facing surfaces of the upper housing member and the lower housing member.

20. (previously presented) A filter mask assembly as recited in claim 19, wherein the facing surface of the lower housing member is a curved surface.

21. (currently amended) A filter mask assembly as recited in claim 19, wherein that part of the sealing surface of the valve seat which the free end portion of the flexible flap contacts is a flat surface.

22. (previously presented) A filter mask assembly as recited in claim 19, wherein the sealing surface is provided on a portion of a seal ridge surrounding the inlet port.

23. (previously presented) A filter mask assembly as recited in claim 22, wherein the seal ridge comprises four linear seal ridge members and the facing surface on the lower housing is provided on a profiled block aligned with one of the linear seal ridge members.

24. (currently amended) A filter mask assembly as recited in claim 23, additionally including a second profiled block provided in the lower housing member engaging a central portion of the flexible flap outwardly of the root end portion to urge the central portion toward the upper housing to enhance the transverse curvature of the flexible flap.

25. (previously presented) A filter mask as recited in claim 16, wherein the filter material comprises at least one sheet incorporating filter material.

26-40 (canceled)

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41. (previously presented) A filter face mask comprising:
a mask body adapted to fit over a nose and a mouth of a wearer; and
an exhalation valve mounted to the mask body;
the exhalation valve comprising a flexible flap and a valve seat;
the flexible flap being mounted to the valve seat in cantilever fashion for movement
between open and closed positions;
the flexible flap having a longitudinal dimension and a free end that rests upon the valve
seat when in closed position;
the flexible flap also having a transverse curvature in a direction transverse to the flap's
longitudinal dimension;
the transverse curvature biasing the flexible flap to effect positioning and retention of the
flexible flap in the closed position in the absence of an opening pressure differential across the
flap for any orientation of the valve
wherein the flexible flap has maximum transverse curvature at the location where the
flexible flap is mounted to the valve seat.
42. (canceled)
43. (previously presented) The filter mask of claim 41, wherein the transverse
curvature of the flexible flap progressively decreases toward the free end of the flexible flap.
44. (previously presented) The filter mask of claim 41, wherein the transverse
curvature is imparted to the flexible flap by virtue of its mounting to the valve seat.
45. (previously presented) The filter mask of claim 44, wherein the flexible flap is
mounted to the valve seat by being pressed towards the seat by a member disposed on a valve
cover.
46. (previously presented) The filter mask of claim 41, wherein the exhalation valve
is so located on the mask such that during normal head movements of a wearer, the free end of
the flexible flap is generally directed downwardly.

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47. (previously presented) A filter face mask that comprises:
a mask body adapted to fit over a nose and mouth of a wearer for filtering inhalation air;
and
an exhalation valve mounted to the mask body, the exhalation valve including a flexible
flap, a first housing defining a valve seat and including a seal ridge terminating in a seal surface,
and a second housing defining a valve cover;
the first housing including one or more inlet ports, the one or more inlet ports being
surrounded by the seal ridge;
the second housing including one or more outlet ports and being joined to the first
housing;
the flexible flap having only one stationary portion and only one free portion and a
peripheral edge that includes both stationary and free segments, the flap also having a
longitudinal axis extending in a direction between the free and stationary segments of the flap;
the stationary portion of the flexible flap being held in a stationary position in contact
with a portion of the seal ridge such that the stationary segment of the peripheral edge remains
stationary during exhalation, and the free portion of the flap being movable during exhalation
such that the free segment of the peripheral edge moves away from the seal surface and the free
portion of the flap lifts off of the seal surface; and
the flexible flap having a curvature in a direction transverse to the longitudinal axis, the
transverse curvature being imparted to the flexible flap by the mounting of the flexible flap in
contact with a portion of the seal ridge, the mounting of the flap causing the stationary portion of
the flap to be pressed towards the seal ridge such that at least a portion of the stationary portion
resides in non-alignment with the seal surface when viewing the valve in a longitudinal section
(FIG. 4); the transverse curvature effecting biasing of the free portion of the flexible flap towards
the seal surface under neutral conditions so that the flap maintains substantial contact with the
seal surface of the valve seat in the absence of exhalatory pressure differential across the flap in
any orientation of the valve, while also allowing the free portion of the flexible flap to be lifted
from the seal surface during an exhalation.

48. (canceled)

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49. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 47, wherein the flexible flap is mounted to the valve in cantilever manner by being trapped between respective surfaces on the valve seat and the valve cover.

50. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 47, wherein the outlet ports are oriented on the valve cover relative to the flexing of the flexible flap such that exhaled air from a wearer exits the exhalation valve with a downward component that directs the exhalate away from a wearer's eyes.

51. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 47, wherein the seal surface has multiple portions that include first and second side portions and a free-end portion, the free segment of the peripheral edge of the flexible flap having a flat configuration above the first and second side portions and the free end portion.

52. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 47, wherein the flexible flap's transverse curvature progressively decreases towards an outer end of the free portion of the flexible flap.

53. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 47, wherein the valve seat and valve cover are inter-fitting plastic parts.

54. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 47, wherein said stationary portion of the flexible flap is permanently configured for embracing a portion of the valve seat.

55-63 (canceled)

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64. (previously presented) A filter face mask that comprises:

(a) a mask body adapted to fit over a nose and a mouth of a wearer; and

(b) an exhalation valve mounted to the mask body, the exhalation valve comprising a flexible flap and a valve seat, the flexible flap being mounted to the valve seat in cantilever fashion such that it has a longitudinal dimension, the flexible flap having a free end that rests upon the valve seat when closed, the flexible flap exhibits a curvature in a direction transverse to the flexible flap's longitudinal dimension, the transverse curvature biasing the flexible flap to assist in closing the valve in the absence of an opening pressure differential across the flexible flap, under any orientation of the valve wherein the flexible flap has a transverse curvature at the location where the flexible flap is mounted to the valve seat.

65. (canceled)

66. (previously presented) The fluid valve of claim 64, wherein the transverse curvature of the flexible flap decreases in the longitudinal dimension toward a free end of the flexible flap.

67. (previously presented) The filter mask of claim 66, wherein the transverse curvature is imparted to the flexible flap by virtue of its mounting to the valve seat.

68. (previously presented) The filter mask of claim 67, wherein the flexible flap is mounted to the valve seat by being pressed toward the valve seat by a member disposed on a valve cover.

69. (previously presented) The filter mask of claim 64, wherein the exhalation valve is so located on the mask such that during normal head movements of a wearer, the free end of the flexible flap is generally directed downward.

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70. (previously presented) A filter face mask that comprises:

(a) a mask body that is adapted to fit over a nose and mouth of a wearer; and

(b) an exhalation valve that is mounted to the mask body, the exhalation valve comprising a flexible flap, a valve seat, and a valve cover, the valve seat comprising one or more inlet ports, which one or more ports are surrounded by a seal surface, the valve cover comprising one or more outlet ports and being joined to the valve seat, the flexible flap being mounted to the valve seat and having only one stationary portion and only one free portion and a peripheral edge that includes stationary and free segments at opposite ends of a longitudinal axis of the flap, the stationary segment of the flexible flap's peripheral edge being associated with the stationary portion of the flexible flap so as to remain stationary during an exhalation, and the free segment of the flexible flap's peripheral edge being associated with the free portion of the flexible flap so as to be movable during an exhalation, the flexible flap having a curvature in a direction transverse to the longitudinal axis of the flap, the transverse curvature being imparted to the flexible flap by the mounting of the flexible flap at the stationary portion off-center relative to the flap and closer to the stationary segment of the flap's peripheral edge than to the free segment, the mounting of the flexible flap at the stationary portion being accomplished by having a member from the valve cover press against the flap to create sufficient curvature in the flap at a point where the member contacts the flap to cause at least part of the stationary portion to reside in non-alignment with the seal surface when viewing the flap in a longitudinal section (FIG. 4), the member causing a biasing of the free portion of the flexible flap toward the seal surface under neutral conditions while also allowing the free portion of the flexible flap to be lifted from the seal surface during an exhalation.

71. (canceled)

72. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 70, wherein the flexible flap is mounted to the valve by being trapped between respective surfaces on the valve seat and the valve cover.

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73. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 70, wherein the outlet ports are oriented on the valve cover relative to the flexing of the flexible flap such that exhaled air from a wearer exits the exhalation valve with a downward component that directs the exhalate away from a wearer's eyes.

74. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 72, wherein the seal surface has multiple portions that include first and second side portions and a free-end portion, the free segment of the peripheral edge of the flexible flap having a flat configuration above the first and second side portions and the free end portion.

75. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 74, wherein the flexible flap's transverse curvature decreases towards the free segment of the peripheral edge of the flexible flap.

76. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 75, wherein the flexible flap lies flat against the seal surface that is disposed beneath the free end of the flexible flap.

77. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 70, wherein the valve seat and valve cover are inter-fitting plastic parts.

78. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 70, wherein the stationary portion of the flexible flap is configured for embracing a member on the valve seat.

79. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 70, wherein the exhalation valve is positioned on the mask body and the flexible flap is positioned on the valve seat such that the free portion of the flap resides below the stationary portion when the mask is worn in its normal upright position over the nose and mouth of the wearer.

80. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 79, wherein the flexible flap has no more than one free portion and no more than one stationary portion.

81. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 72, wherein the flexible flap is mounted to the valve seat off-center relative to the flap.

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82. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 81, wherein the flexible flap is mounted closer to the stationary segment of the peripheral surface than to the free segment.

83. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 82, wherein the transverse curvature constitutes an arching of the flap in a dimension transverse to a longitudinal dimension of the flap.

84. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 83, wherein the flexible flap also has a curvature in the longitudinal dimension, which curvature is imparted to a central section of the flap.

85. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 84, wherein the transverse curvature of the flap decreases in the longitudinal dimension moving from a point where the flap is mounted to the valve seat towards the free segment of the flap's peripheral edge.

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86. (previously presented) A filter mask that comprises:

(a) a mask body that is adapted to fit over the nose and mouth of a person; and

(b) a unidirectional exhalation valve that is mounted to the mask body to enable exhaled air to exit an interior of the mask body during an exhalation, the unidirectional exhalation valve comprising:

(i) a cantilevered flexible flap that has a stationary portion and a free portion and has a peripheral edge that includes opposing first and second side edges and opposing stationary and free edges, the stationary and free edges being located at opposing ends of a longitudinal axis of the flap, the first and second peripheral side edges extending between the stationary edge and the free edge,

(ii) a valve seat having sealing surfaces that contact the cantilevered flexible flap along the stationary and free edges and first and second side edges when the valve is closed; and

(iii) a valve cover that has a profiled block that engages the flexible flap at the stationary portion to press the flap towards the valve seat to cause the flexible flap to exhibit a curvature at least in a direction transverse to the longitudinal axis, the transverse curvature biasing the flap and maintaining the flap in substantially in contact with all the sealing surfaces of the valve seat in the absence of an opening pressure differential across the valve, under any orientation of the valve while also allowing the free edge and at least portions of the peripheral side edges to flex away from the respective sealing surfaces of the valve seat during an exhalation.

87. (previously presented) The filter mask of claim 86, wherein the profiled block engages the flap at a non-central location of the flap in a non-aligned relationship to the sealing surfaces to create an arched configuration transversely to the longitudinal axis, wherein the arched configuration decreases along the longitudinal axis in a direction going from the location where the profiled block engages the flap towards the free segment of the flap's peripheral edge, and wherein the flap is trapped between respective surfaces on the profiled block and on the valve seat.

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88. (previously presented) The filter mask of claim 87, wherein the sealing surfaces have multiple portions that include first and second side portions and a free end portion, the free segment of the peripheral edge of the flexible flap having a flat configuration above the first and second side portions and the free end portion.

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89. (previously presented) A filter mask that comprises:

(a) a mask body; and

(b) a unidirectional exhalation valve that is secured to the mask body, the unidirectional exhalation valve comprising:

(i) a flexible flap that has only one stationary portion and only one free portion and that has a peripheral edge that includes a stationary segment and a free segment, the stationary segment being associated with the stationary portion of the flap so as to remain stationary during an exhalation and the free segment of the flap being associated with the free portion of the flap so as to be moveable during an exhalation, the stationary and free segments of the peripheral edge being disposed at opposing ends of a longitudinal dimension of the flap;

(ii) a valve seat that has at least one port to allow exhaled air to exit the mask body when worn on a person, the valve seat also comprising a seal surface onto which the stationary and free portions of the flap make contact when no fluid is passing through the port(s), the free portion of the flap being capable of being lifted from the seal surface when a wearer exhales to allow exhalate to exit the mask, the seal surface surrounding the port(s) so that when the stationary and free portions of the flap are in contact with the seal surface fluid cannot pass through the port(s) in an opposite direction to enter the mask, the flexible flap being mounted to the valve seat to create a fixed curvature in the flap in a direction transverse to the longitudinal dimension, the fixed curvature being accomplished by exerting a force on the flexible flap to move the flap towards the valve seat such that the flap, at the location where the force is exerted, is non-aligned with the seal surface, the exerted force and the non-aligned relationship between the seal surface and the flap at the location of the force, imparting the curvature and biasing the flap towards the seal surface to enable the free portion of the flap to maintain substantial contact with the seal surface under any orientation of the mask when a fluid is not passing through the valve seat port(s).

90. (currently amended) The filter face mask of claim 89, further comprising a valve cover that has a profiled block extending therefrom, the profiled block engaging the flap so as to create the force needed to impart an arched curvature to the flap.

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91. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 90, wherein the profiled block engages the flap at a non-central location of the flap in a non-aligned relationship to the sealing surfaces to create an arched configuration transversely to the longitudinal axis, wherein the arched configuration decreases along the longitudinal axis in a direction going from the location where the profiled block engages the flap towards the free segment of the flap's peripheral edge, and wherein the flap is trapped between respective surfaces on the profiled block and on the valve seat.

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92. (previously presented) A filter mask that comprises:

(a) a mask body; and

(b) a unidirectional exhalation valve that is secured to the mask body, the unidirectional exhalation valve comprising:

(i) a flexible flap that has a stationary portion and a free portion and that has a peripheral edge that includes a stationary segment and a free segment, the stationary segment being associated with the stationary portion of the flap so as to remain stationary during an exhalation and the free segment of the flap being associated with the free portion of the flap so as to be moveable during an exhalation, the stationary and free segments of the peripheral edge being disposed at opposing ends of a longitudinal dimension of the flap;

(ii) a valve seat that has at least one port to allow exhaled air to exit the mask body when worn on a person, the valve seat also comprising a seal surface onto which the stationary and free portions of the flap make contact when no fluid is passing through the port(s), the free portion of the flap being capable of being lifted from the seal surface when a wearer exhales to allow exhalate to exit the mask, the seal surface surrounding the port(s) so that when the stationary and free portions of the flap are in contact with the seal surface fluid cannot pass through the port(s) in an opposite direction to enter the mask, the flexible flap being mounted to the valve seat in a cantilevered manner and to create a fixed curvature in the flap in a direction transverse to the longitudinal dimension, the fixed curvature being accomplished by exerting a force on the flexible flap to move the flap towards the valve seat such that the flap, at the location where the force is exerted, is non-aligned with the seal surface, the exerted force and the non-aligned relationship between the seal surface and the flap at the location of the force, imparting the curvature and biasing the flap towards the seal surface to enable the free portion of the flap to maintain substantial contact with the seal surface under any orientation of the mask when a fluid is not passing through the valve seat port(s).

93. (previously presented) The filter face mask of claim 92, further comprising a valve cover that has a profiled block extending therefrom, the profiled block engaging the flap so as to create the force needed to impart an arched curvature to the flap.

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94. (previously presented) The filter mask of claim 92, wherein the flap's peripheral edge has two peripheral side edges located between a stationary end and a free end, wherein the free end and at least portions of the peripheral side edges are freely movable to flex away from portions of the seal surface that the flap would contact when in a closed condition.

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95. (previously presented) A filter mask that comprises:
a mask body that is adapted to fit over the nose and mouth of a person; and
a unidirectional exhalation valve that is mounted to the mask body to enable exhaled air
to exit an interior of the mask body during an exhalation, the exhalation defining a downstream
direction and an opposite upstream direction, the unidirectional exhalation valve comprising:
a cantilevered flexible flap and a cooperating valve seat surrounding a valve orifice;
the cantilevered flexible flap defining a root end and a free end at opposite ends of a
longitudinal axis of the flap, and two peripheral side edges respectively extending between the
root end and the free end; wherein the root end, the free end, and the two side edges include
upstream and downstream surfaces:
the valve seat having sealing surfaces that contact the flap along portions of the upstream
surface of the root end, the free end, and the peripheral side edges when the fluid valve is closed;
the cantilevered flexible flap being mounted in contact with the respective sealing surface
of the valve seat at the root end and being freely movable to flex away from the respective
sealing surface of the valve seat at the free end and along at least portions of the peripheral side
edges when fluid flows through the fluid valve and the fluid valve is open; and
wherein said mounting of the flexible flap to the valve seat creates a fixed curvature in the
flap in a direction transverse to the longitudinal axis, the fixed curvature resulting from a force
being applied to the flap at a position proximate the root end and between the peripheral side
edges, the applied force moving the flap upstream at the applied position and thus imparting the
curvature, the curvature resulting in maintaining the flap substantially in contact with the sealing
surfaces of the valve seat in the absence of an opening pressure differential across the flap, in any
orientation of the valve.

96. (previously presented) The mask of claim 95, wherein the transverse curvature in
the flap includes a fixed transverse curvature in the root end of the flap at a location spaced
inward from the portion of the root end that contacts the sealing surface.

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97. (previously presented) The mask of claim 95, further comprising a valve cover having a block for mounting the flap in contact with the sealing surfaces; wherein the block exerts the force in the upstream direction to the lower surface of said flap resulting the transverse curvature.

98. (previously presented) The mask of claim 97, wherein the transverse curvature in the flap includes a fixed transverse curvature in the flap in said root end at a location of said root end located between the block and the portion of the of the root end that contacts the sealing surface.

99. (previously presented) The mask of claim 98, wherein said block has a width that is less than a transverse distance between opposite side edges of the orifice.

100. (previously presented) The mask of claim 95, wherein said cantilevered arrangement of said flexible flap is defined by the flap being supported proximate said root end and the free end being unsupported.

101. (previously presented) The mask of claim 97, wherein said cantilevered arrangement of the flexible flap is defined by said flap being supported by at least said block at or adjacent said root end, and by the free end being unsupported.

102. (previously presented) The mask of claim 97, wherein said cantilevered arrangement of the flexible flap is defined by said flap being supported between said block and the sealing surfaces at the root end, and by the free end being unsupported.

103. (previously presented) The mask of claim 97, wherein the root end includes an outer edge surface, and wherein the sealing surface contacts the root end inward from the outer edge surface.

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104. (previously presented) A filter mask that comprises:
a mask body that is adapted to fit over the nose and mouth of a person; and
a unidirectional exhalation valve that is mounted to the mask body to enable exhaled air to
exit an interior of the mask body during an exhalation, the exhalation defining a downstream
direction and an opposite upstream direction, the unidirectional exhalation valve comprising:
a cantilevered flexible flap and a cooperating valve seat surrounding a valve orifice;
the cantilevered flexible flap defining a root end and a free end at opposite ends of a
longitudinal axis of the flap, and two peripheral side edges respectively extending between the
root end and the free end; wherein the root end, the free end, and the two side edges have upper
and lower surfaces;
the valve seat having sealing surfaces that contact the flap along portions of the upstream
surface of the root end, the free end, and the peripheral side edges when the fluid valve is closed;
the cantilevered flexible flap being mounted in contact with the respective sealing surface
of the valve seat at the root end and being freely movable to flex away from the respective
sealing surface of the valve seat at the free end and along at least portions of the peripheral side
edges when fluid flows through the fluid valve and the fluid valve is open; and
wherein the mounting of the flexible flap to the valve seat creates a fixed curvature in the
flap in a direction transverse to the longitudinal axis, the fixed curvature resulting from a force
being applied to said flap in an upstream direction at a position proximate the root end and
between the peripheral side edges, the applied force moving the flap upstream at the applied
position and thus imparting the curvature, the curvature resulting in maintaining the flap
substantially in contact with the sealing surfaces of the valve seat in the absence of an opening
pressure differential across the flap, in any orientation of the valve;
wherein the transverse curvature in the flap includes a fixed transverse curvature in the
root end of the flap at a location spaced inward from the portion of the root end that contacts the
sealing surface;
wherein the cantilevered arrangement of the flexible flap is defined by said flap being
supported proximate the root end, and by said free end being unsupported.

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105. (previously presented) The mask of claim 103, further comprising a valve cover having a block for mounting said flap in contact with said sealing surfaces; wherein the block exerts the force in the upstream direction to the lower surface of the flap resulting the fixed transverse curvature.

106. (previously presented) The mask of claim 105, wherein the transverse curvature in the flap includes a fixed transverse curvature in the flap in the root end at a portion of the root end located between the block and the portion of the of the root end that contacts the sealing surface.

107. (previously presented) The mask of claim 106, wherein the block has a width that is less than a transverse distance between opposite side edges of the orifice.

108. (previously presented) The mask of claim 105, wherein the cantilevered arrangement of the flexible flap is defined by the flap being supported by at least the block at or adjacent the root end, and by the free end being unsupported.

109. (previously presented) The mask of claim 105, wherein the cantilevered arrangement of the flexible flap is defined by the flap being supported between the block and the sealing surfaces at the root end, and by the free end being unsupported.

110. (previously presented) The mask of claim 105, wherein the upper surface of the root end includes an outer edge surface, and wherein the sealing surface contacts the root end inward from the outer edge surface.

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111. (previously presented) A filter mask that comprises:
a mask body that is adapted to fit over the nose and mouth of a person; and
a unidirectional exhalation valve that is mounted to the mask body to enable exhaled air to
exit an interior of the mask body during an exhalation, the exhalation defining a downstream
direction and an opposite upstream direction, the unidirectional exhalation valve comprising:
a cantilevered flexible flap and a cooperating valve seat surrounding a valve orifice; the
cantilevered flexible flap defining a supported end and a free end at opposite ends of a
longitudinal axis of the flap, and two peripheral side edges respectively extending between the
supported end and the free end; wherein the supported end, the free end, and the two side edges
include upstream and downstream surfaces;
the valve seat having sealing surfaces that contact the flap along portions of the upstream
surfaces of the supported end, the free end, and the peripheral side edges when the fluid valve is
closed;
the cantilevered flexible flap being mounted in contact with the respective sealing surface
of the valve seat at the supported end and being freely movable to flex away from the respective
sealing surface of the valve seat at the free end and along at least portions of the peripheral side
edges when fluid flows through the fluid valve and the fluid valve is open; and
wherein the mounting of the flexible flap to the valve seat creates a fixed curvature in the
flap in a direction transverse to the longitudinal axis, the fixed curvature resulting from a force
being applied to said flap at a position within the supported end and between the peripheral side
edges, the applied force moving the flap upstream at the position and thus imparting the curvature,
the curvature resulting in a biasing of the flap towards the seal surface to enable the free end of the
flap to maintain substantial contact with the sealing surfaces in the absence of an opening pressure
differential across the flap, in any orientation of the valve.

112. (previously presented) The mask of claim 111, wherein the transverse curvature
in the flap includes a fixed transverse curvature in the supported end of the flap at a location
spaced inward from the portion of the of the supported end that contacts the sealing surface.

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113. (previously presented) The mask of claim 111, further comprising a valve cover having a block for mounting the flap in contact with said sealing surfaces; wherein said block exerts a force in the upstream direction to said lower surface of the flap resulting the fixed transverse curvature.

114. (previously presented) The mask of claim 113, wherein the transverse curvature in the flap includes a fixed transverse curvature in the flap in the supported end between the profiled block and the portion of the of the supported end that contacts the sealing surface.

115. (previously presented) The mask of claim 114, wherein the block has a width that is less than a transverse distance between opposite side edges of the orifice.

116. (previously presented) The mask of claim 111, wherein the cantilevered arrangement of the flexible flap is defined by the flap being supported at the supported end and the free end being unsupported.

117. (previously presented) The mask of claim 113, wherein the cantilevered arrangement of the flexible flap is defined by the flap being supported by at least the block at the supported end, and by the free end being unsupported.

118. (previously presented) The mask of claim 113, wherein the cantilevered arrangement of the flexible flap is defined by the flap being supported between the block and the sealing surfaces at the supported end, and by the free end being unsupported.

119. (previously presented) The mask of claim 113, wherein the root end includes an outer edge surface, and wherein said sealing surface contacts said supported end inward from the outer edge surface.

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120. (previously presented) A filter mask that comprises:
a mask body that is adapted to fit over the nose and mouth of a person; and
a unidirectional exhalation valve that is mounted to the mask body to enable exhaled air to
exit an interior of the mask body during an exhalation, the exhalation defining a downstream
direction and an opposite upstream direction, the unidirectional exhalation valve comprising:
a cantilevered flexible flap and a cooperating valve seat surrounding a valve orifice;
the cantilevered flexible flap defining a supported end and a free end at opposite ends of a
longitudinal axis of the flap, and two peripheral side edges respectively extending between the
supported end and the free end; wherein the supported end, the free end, and the two side edges
include upstream and downstream surfaces;
the valve seat having sealing surfaces that contact the flap along portions of the upstream
surfaces of the supported end, the free end, and the peripheral side edges when the fluid valve is
closed;
the cantilevered flexible flap being mounted in contact with the respective sealing surface
of the valve seat at the supported end and being freely movable to flex away from the respective
sealing surface of the valve seat at the free end and along at least portions of the peripheral side
edges when fluid flows through the fluid valve and the fluid valve is open; and
means for mounting the flexible flap to the valve seat wherein the mounting means
creates a fixed curvature in the flap in a direction transverse to the longitudinal axis, the curvature
resulting in a biasing of the flap towards the seal surface to enable the free end of the flap to
maintain substantial contact with the sealing surfaces in the absence of an opening pressure
differential across the flap, in any orientation of the valve.

121. (previously presented) The valve of claim 120, wherein the mounting means
includes a block that exerts a force in the upstream direction to the flap's downstream surface at a
position within the supported end and between the peripheral side edges, the applied force
moving the flap upstream at the exerted position and thus imparting the curvature.